



POLITÉCNICA

INTERNATIONAL  
CAMPUS OF  
EXCELLENCE

COORDINATION PROCESS OF  
LEARNING ACTIVITIES  
PR/CL/001



E.T.S. de Ingenieros de  
Telecomunicacion

# ANX-PR/CL/001-01

## LEARNING GUIDE

### SUBJECT

**93001072 - Machine Learning Lab**

### DEGREE PROGRAMME

09AQ - Master Universitario En Ingenieria De Telecomunicacion

### ACADEMIC YEAR & SEMESTER

2022/23 - Semester 1

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## 1. Description

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### 1.1. Subject details

<b>Name of the subject</b>	93001072 - Machine Learning Lab
<b>No of credits</b>	4.5 ECTS
<b>Type</b>	Optional
<b>Academic year of the programme</b>	Second year
<b>Semester of tuition</b>	Semester 3
<b>Tuition period</b>	September-January
<b>Tuition languages</b>	English
<b>Degree programme</b>	09AQ - Master Universitario en Ingenieria de Telecomunicacion
<b>Centre</b>	09 - Escuela Tecnica Superior De Ingenieros De Telecomunicacion
<b>Academic year</b>	2022-23

## 2. Faculty

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### 2.1. Faculty members with subject teaching role

<b>Name and surname</b>	<b>Office/Room</b>	<b>Email</b>	<b>Tutoring hours *</b>
Luis Alfonso Hernandez Gomez (Subject coordinator)	C-330	luisalfonso.hernandez@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email
Eduardo Lopez Gonzalo	C-330	eduardo.lopez@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email

Mateo Jose Camara Largo	C-301	mateo.camara@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email
Juan Ignacio Godino Llorente	C-312	ignacio.godino@upm.es	Sin horario. Appointment arranged by email

\* The tutoring schedule is indicative and subject to possible changes. Please check tutoring times with the faculty member in charge.

### 3. Prior knowledge recommended to take the subject

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#### 3.1. Recommended (passed) subjects

The subject - recommended (passed), are not defined.

#### 3.2. Other recommended learning outcomes

- Previous exposure to a programming language, such as MATLAB, R or Python
- It is highly recommended to follow this course simultaneously with the subject Predictive and Descriptive Learning unless you have a theoretical background in Machine Learning and Deep Learning

### 4. Skills and learning outcomes \*

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#### 4.1. Skills to be learned

CG1 - Poseer y comprender conocimientos que aporten una base u oportunidad de ser originales en el desarrollo y/o aplicación de ideas, a menudo en un contexto de investigación.

CG2 - Que los estudiantes sepan aplicar los conocimientos adquiridos y su capacidad de resolución de problemas en entornos nuevos o poco conocidos dentro de contextos más amplios (o multidisciplinares) relacionados con su área de estudio.

CG4 - Que los estudiantes sepan comunicar sus conclusiones y los conocimientos y razones últimas que las sustentan a públicos especializados y no especializados de un modo claro y sin ambigüedades.

CG5 - Que los estudiantes posean las habilidades de aprendizaje que les permitan continuar estudiando de un

modo que habrá de ser en gran medida autodirigido o autónomo.

CT1 - Capacidad para comprender los contenidos de clases magistrales, conferencias y seminarios en lengua inglesa.

CT3 - Capacidad para adoptar soluciones creativas que satisfagan adecuadamente las diferentes necesidades planteadas.

CT4 - Capacidad para trabajar de forma efectiva como individuo, organizando y planificando su propio trabajo, de forma independiente o como miembro de un equipo.

CT5 - Capacidad para gestionar la información, identificando las fuentes necesarias, los principales tipos de documentos técnicos y científicos, de una manera adecuada y eficiente.

## 4.2. Learning outcomes

RA305 - Capability to design, develop and evaluate machine-learning techniques for a wide range of application areas

\* The Learning Guides should reflect the Skills and Learning Outcomes in the same way as indicated in the Degree Verification Memory. For this reason, they have not been translated into English and appear in Spanish.

## 5. Brief description of the subject and syllabus

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### 5.1. Brief description of the subject

In this laboratory students will learn how to apply the variety of Machine Learning methods presented in the Predictive and Descriptive Learning course to practical scenarios. Students will practice using scientifically-oriented processing environments and most common programming languages and machine learning libraries (TensorFlow, Keras, Pytorch, Python scikit-learn, ML libraries in R).

Along the course students will address practical problems on the application of the variety of Machine Learning methods presented in the Predictive and Descriptive Learning course. Experimental activities will cover both predictive or supervised learning (from classical linear and logistic regression or random forest and SVM to Deep Learning -Feed-forward, Convolutional Networks, Recurrent Networks, Transformers) and descriptive or unsupervised prevised learning (principal component analysis, t-SNE and cluster analysis). Several realistic and practical scenarios and use cases will be addressed (as those proposed in Kaggle competition, [www.kaggle.com](http://www.kaggle.com)). Students will practice using scientifically-oriented languages and cloud environments, mainly working with Python and R languages. Through all lab activities students will have to gain practice on model accuracy using cross-

validation and on how to draw precise conclusions and valuable interpretations from machine learning results and models.

The students will acquire the skill to apply the variety of Machine Learning methods on to practical scenarios. Main course outcome will be to consolidate the theoretical study of machine learning techniques along this Master Programme. Through hands-on experience case studies students will learn how to select and accurately assess the performance evaluation of machine learning methods. They will also acquire solid criteria on what could be best model for a given data and task as well to be able to draw precise conclusions and interpretations from experimental results. By the end of the course, students should be able to:

- Understand how to apply the most used models and techniques for predictive and descriptive learning to different real scenarios.
- Design a proper experimental methodology for accurately assessing and gaining knowledge from the use of each one of the different machine learning techniques.
- Work with both scientifically-oriented processing environments and cluster computing frameworks for big data processing that can be used in a wide range of applications in science and industry.

## 5.2. Syllabus

1. Introduction to Machine Learning Lab
  - 1.1. Designing a Machine Learning System
  - 1.2. Introducing Python for DataScience and Machine Learning
2. Linear Regression
  - 2.1. Developing interpretable Linear Regression models
3. Classification
  - 3.1. Developing and understanding Logistic Regression models
4. Resampling methods
  - 4.1. Using Cross-Validation and Bootstrap
5. Tree-Based Methods
  - 5.1. Decision tress, Bagging, Random Forests and Boosting

## 6. Support Vector Machines

### 6.1. Kernels and Support Vector Machines

## 7. Descriptive Learning

### 7.1. Principal Components Analysis, t-SNE, K-means and Hierarchical Clustering

## 8. Introduction to Deep Learning

### 8.1. Simple Neural Network in TensorFlow (Basic Deep Learning Design Methodology)

### 8.2. Feed-Forward Neural Networks (TensorFlow/Keras , PyTorch)

### 8.3. Convolutional Networks for Images and Signals (TensorFlow/Keras , PyTorch)

### 8.4. Recurrent Neural Networks: Signal and Natural Language Processing use cases (TensorFlow/Keras , PyTorch)

### 8.5. Advanced Deep Learning architectures: Attention Mechanisms, Transformers, Deep Generative Models

## 9. Reviewing the guidelines to design and develop a Deep Learning project

### 9.1. Interpretability and Explainability of Machine Learning and Deep Learning models

### 9.2. Ablation studies

## 6. Schedule

### 6.1. Subject schedule\*

Week	Classroom activities	Laboratory activities	Distant / On-line	Assessment activities
1	<b>Introduction to Machine Learning Systems</b> Duration: 03:00 Lecture			
2		<b>Linear and Logistic Regression Models</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
3		<b>Linear and Logistic Regression Models</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
4		<b>Resampling methods</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
5		<b>Tree-based models</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
6		<b>Support Vector Machines</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
7		<b>Descriptive Learning</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
8		<b>Python for DataScience and Machine Learning</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
9		<b>Review: Developing Machine Learning models</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		<b>Evaluation: Developing Machine Learning models</b> Individual work Continuous assessment Not Presential Duration: 00:00
10		<b>Feed-forward Networks in TensorFlow and Keras</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
11		<b>Convolutional Networks for Images and Signals</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
12		<b>RNN for Signals and NLP</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		



13		<b>Advanced Deep Learning</b> Duration: 03:00 Laboratory assignments		
14		<b>Guidelines to design and develop a Deep Learning project</b> Duration: 03:00 Cooperative activities		
15				
16				
17				<b>Evaluation: Developing Deep Learning models</b> Group work Continuous assessment and final examination Not Presential Duration: 00:00  <b>Evaluation: Developing Machine Learning models</b> Individual work Final examination Not Presential Duration: 00:00  <b>Written text on Developing Machine Learning and Deep Learning models</b> Written test Final examination Presential Duration: 01:30

Depending on the programme study plan, total values will be calculated according to the ECTS credit unit as 26/27 hours of student face-to-face contact and independent study time.

\* The schedule is based on an a priori planning of the subject; it might be modified during the academic year, especially considering the COVID19 evolution.

## 7. Activities and assessment criteria

### 7.1. Assessment activities

#### 7.1.1. Assessment

Week	Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills
9	Evaluation: Developing Machine Learning models	Individual work	No Presential	00:00	50%	3.5 / 10	CG4 CT3 CT4 CT1 CT5 CG2 CG5 CG1
17	Evaluation: Developing Deep Learning models	Group work	No Presential	00:00	50%	3.5 / 10	CG4 CT3 CT4 CT1 CT5 CG2 CG5 CG1

#### 7.1.2. Global examination

Week	Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills
17	Evaluation: Developing Deep Learning models	Group work	No Presential	00:00	50%	3.5 / 10	CG4 CT3 CT4 CT1 CT5 CG2 CG5 CG1
17	Evaluation: Developing Machine Learning models	Individual work	No Presential	00:00	30%	3.5 / 10	CT4 CT1 CT5 CG2 CG5 CG1 CG4 CT3

17	Written text on Developing Machine Learning and Deep Learning models	Written test	Face-to-face	01:30	20%	3.5 / 10	CG4 CT3 CT4 CT1 CT5 CG2 CG5 CG1
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### 7.1.3. Referred (re-sit) examination

Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills
Evaluation: Developing Machine Learning models	Individual work	Face-to-face	00:00	40%	3.5 / 10	CG4 CT3 CT4 CT1 CT5 CG2 CG5 CG1
Evaluation: Developing Deep Learning models	Group work	Face-to-face	00:00	40%	3.5 / 10	CG4 CT3 CT4 CT1 CT5 CG2 CG5 CG1
Written test on developing Machine Learning and Deep Learning models	Written test	Face-to-face	01:30	20%	3.5 / 10	CT3 CT4 CT1 CT5 CG2 CG5 CG1

## 7.2. Assessment criteria

Evaluation will assess if students have acquired all the competences of the subject. Thus, evaluation through extraordinary assessment will be carried out considering all the evaluation techniques used in ordinary evaluation (EX, ET, TG, etc.).

**Progressive evaluation** will be the preferred assessment method as it will be suited to the optimum learning process along the course. Progressive evaluation will require a minimum of 75% class attendance and it will consist of:

- A Machine Learning Report describing the activities that demonstrate skills in developing Machine Learning models. The evaluation of this Report will represent 50% of final grade. For progressive evaluation, this report must be due by the 9th week. Several course assignments, which will be announced in Moodle, will be planned to review the students' progress through draft versions of their reports so we can give them feedback. We could also require students to prepare specific presentations to review their work.
- A Deep Learning Report must be prepared by the end of the course to demonstrate skills in developing Deep Learning models. The evaluation of this Deep Learning Report will represent 50% of final grade. Through several course assignments, announced in Moodle, we will review the students' progress while working on this Report. We could require students to attend to specific presentations to review their work.

Deep Learning activities must be developed in working teams, but each team member must individually clearly describe her/his specific activities in the Report.

**Global or final evaluation** should be followed by those students that cannot attend regularly to class and cannot guarantee a minimum of 75% class attendance. Final evaluation will consist of:

- A Machine Learning Report describing the activities that demonstrate skills in developing Machine Learning models. The evaluation of this Report will represent 30% of final grade and it must be due by the final exam date, although students can submit draft versions before that date can they can receive feedback on their work.
- A Deep Learning Report must be prepared to demonstrate skills in developing Deep Learning models. The evaluation of this Deep Learning Report will represent 50% of final grade and it must be due by the final exam date.

Deep Learning activities must be developed in working teams, but each team member must individually clearly

describe her/his specific activities in the Report.

For both Reports, students can submit draft versions before the final submission date so they can receive feedback on their work.

- In case of final or global evaluation, students should have a written test scheduled on the final exam date. In this test they will be evaluate on their fundamental skills in developing Machine Learning and Deep Learning models. The result of this test will represent 20% of final grade.

**Evaluation through extraordinary assessment** will consist of:

- A Machine Learning Report describing the activities that demonstrate skills in developing Machine Learning models (40% of final grade)
- A Deep Learning Report describing the activities that demonstrate skills in developing Deep Learning models (40% of final grade)
- A written test on fundamentals for developing Machine Learning and Deep Learning models (20% of final grade).

## 8. Teaching resources

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### 8.1. Teaching resources for the subject

Name	Type	Notes
Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems	Bibliography	Géron, Aurélien. Hands-on machine learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, tools, and techniques to build intelligent systems. O'Reilly Media, 2nd Edition
Introduction to Statistical Learning	Bibliography	James, Gareth, et al. An introduction to statistical learning. Second Edition (2021) <a href="https://hastie.su.domains/ISLR2/ISLRv2_website.pdf">https://hastie.su.domains/ISLR2/ISLRv2_website.pdf</a>

Python for data analysis	Bibliography	McKinney, Wes. Python for data analysis: Data wrangling with Pandas, NumPy, and IPython. " O'Reilly Media, Inc.", 2012.
scikit-learn Machine Learning in Python	Web resource	<a href="https://scikit-learn.org/stable/">https://scikit-learn.org/stable/</a>
CRAN Task View: Machine Learning & Statistical Learning	Web resource	<a href="https://cran.r-project.org/web/views/MachineLearning.html">https://cran.r-project.org/web/views/MachineLearning.html</a>
Keras: the Python deep learning API	Web resource	<a href="https://keras.io/">https://keras.io/</a> Keras is an open-source neural-network library written in Python
PyTorch Tutorials	Web resource	<a href="https://pytorch.org/tutorials/">https://pytorch.org/tutorials/</a>
Deep learning with Python.	Bibliography	F Chollet. Manning Publications Co., 2017
Andrej Karpathy blog About Hacker's guide to Neural Networks	Web resource	<a href="https://karpathy.github.io/">https://karpathy.github.io/</a>
MLLB at Moodle	Web resource	<a href="https://moodle.upm.es/titulaciones/oficiales/course/view.php?id=892">https://moodle.upm.es/titulaciones/oficiales/course/view.php?id=892</a>

## 9. Other information

### 9.1. Other information about the subject

The increasing relevance of technological developments based on Machine Learning makes this course an educational activity directed to contribute to Goal 4.4 in Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) 2030 United Nations Agenda, empowering our students with relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship.

Through approaching practical scenarios in our Lab, students will develop relevant skills and in-depth knowledge on the impact of different Machine Learning techniques on different fields as health, environmental monitoring, smart energy management, or finance. This will help them to become more aware of how technology can contribute to several SDGs goals: end poverty (Goal 1), promote well-being (Goal 2), and promote sustainable management of water, energy, economic growth and industrialization (Goals 5, 6, 7, and 8) as well as to reduce inequality among countries (Goal 10).

Also, due to the relevance of using machine learning to extract value from data in a broad range of economic sectors, the course will also contribute to SDG Goal 17 (Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development) in particular working on systemic issues on Data monitoring and accountability (17.18 and 17.19)