



INTERNATIONAL  
CAMPUS OF  
EXCELLENCE

COORDINATION PROCESS OF  
LEARNING ACTIVITIES  
PR/CL/001



E.T.S. de Ingenieros de  
Telecomunicacion

# ANX-PR/CL/001-01

## LEARNING GUIDE

### SUBJECT

93000938 - Optimization Techniques In Big Data Analysis

### DEGREE PROGRAMME

09AT - Master Universitario En Teoria De La Señal Y Comunicaciones

### ACADEMIC YEAR & SEMESTER

2022/23 - Semester 1

## Index

---

### Learning guide

1. Description.....	1
2. Faculty.....	1
3. Prior knowledge recommended to take the subject.....	2
4. Skills and learning outcomes .....	2
5. Brief description of the subject and syllabus.....	4
6. Schedule.....	6
7. Activities and assessment criteria.....	8
8. Teaching resources.....	11
9. Other information.....	13

## 1. Description

### 1.1. Subject details

Name of the subject	93000938 - Optimization Techniques In Big Data Analysis
No of credits	3 ECTS
Type	Optional
Academic year of the programme	First year
Semester of tuition	Semester 1
Tuition period	September-January
Tuition languages	English
Degree programme	09AT - Master Universitario en Teoria de la Señal y Comunicaciones
Centre	09 - Escuela Tecnica Superior De Ingenieros De Telecommunicacion
Academic year	2022-23

## 2. Faculty

### 2.1. Faculty members with subject teaching role

Name and surname	Office/Room	Email	Tutoring hours *
Juan Parras Moral (Subject coordinator)	C-303	j.parras@upm.es	Sin horario. Arrange the meeting by email
Santiago Zazo Bello	C-326	santiago.zazo@upm.es	Sin horario. Arrange the meeting by email

\* The tutoring schedule is indicative and subject to possible changes. Please check tutoring times with the faculty member in charge.

### 3. Prior knowledge recommended to take the subject

---

#### 3.1. Recommended (passed) subjects

- Fundamentos De Optimización

#### 3.2. Other recommended learning outcomes

- Statistical Signal Processing

### 4. Skills and learning outcomes \*

---

#### 4.1. Skills to be learned

CB06 - Poseer y comprender conocimientos que aporten una base u oportunidad de ser originales en el desarrollo y/o aplicación de ideas, a menudo en un contexto de investigación

CB07 - Que los estudiantes sepan aplicar los conocimientos adquiridos y su capacidad de resolución de problemas en entornos nuevos o poco conocidos dentro de contextos más amplios (o multidisciplinares) relacionados con su área de estudio

CB08 - Que los estudiantes sean capaces de integrar conocimientos y enfrentarse a la complejidad de formular juicios a partir de una información que, siendo incompleta o limitada, incluya reflexiones sobre las responsabilidades sociales y éticas vinculadas a la aplicación de sus conocimientos y juicios

CB09 - Que los estudiantes sepan comunicar sus conclusiones y los conocimientos y razones últimas que las sustentan a públicos especializados y no especializados de un modo claro y sin ambigüedades

CB10 - Que los estudiantes posean las habilidades de aprendizaje que les permitan continuar estudiando de un modo que habrá de ser en gran medida autodirigido o autónomo

CE01 - Analizar y aplicar técnicas para el diseño y desarrollo avanzado de equipos y sistemas, basándose en la teoría de la señal y las comunicaciones, en un entorno internacional

CE03 - Valorar y contrastar la utilización de las diferentes técnicas disponibles para la resolución de problemas reales dentro del área de teoría de la señal y comunicaciones.

CT01 - Capacidad para comprender los contenidos de clases magistrales, conferencias y seminarios en lengua inglesa

CT03 - Capacidad para adoptar soluciones creativas que satisfagan adecuadamente las diferentes necesidades planteadas

CT04 - Capacidad para trabajar de forma efectiva como individuo, organizando y planificando su propio trabajo, de forma independiente o como miembro de un equipo

CT05 - Capacidad para gestionar la información, identificando las fuentes necesarias, los principales tipos de documentos técnicos y científicos, de una manera adecuada y eficiente

## 4.2. Learning outcomes

RA19 - Knowledge of tools to design optimal filtering and signal processing structures

RA20 - Capability to choose the appropriate modeling and filtering tools in order to extract useful information from a time series

RA26 - Ability of oral and written communication

RA12 - Capability to construct probabilistic models from experimental data using inference tools.

RA6 - Saber resolver problemas de optimización con o sin restricciones mediante métodos analíticos y numéricos

RA5 - Saber resolver problemas de optimización básicos como los de programación lineal o cuadrática

RA4 - Formular problemas relacionados con la ingeniería como problemas de optimización en forma estándar

RA14 - Capability to model real phenomena using probability theory.

RA2 - Capacidad para planificar, diseñar y realizar aplicaciones que integren técnicas de tratamiento de señal, análisis estadístico y aprendizaje automático sobre datos masivos.

RA17 - Capacidad para aplicar conocimientos de modelado estadístico, técnicas de optimización y modelos de series temporales en el análisis de datos y como base para el desarrollo de algoritmos de aprendizaje automático

RA15 - Capability to relate the foundations of statistical inference with standard machine learning schemes.

RA18 - Knowledge of tools for description, analysis and modeling of discrete-time random processes

RA25 - Handle with ease the bases of linear algebra and calculus necessary to formulate problems optimization.

RA13 - Capability to construct parameter estimators, hypothesis tests and linear regression models.

RA7 - Capacidad para desarrollar y evaluar técnicas de aprendizaje automático y diseñar sistemas de aprendizaje para datos masivos

RA1 - Capacidad para desarrollar técnicas de tratamiento de señal específicas para datos masivos y diseñar aplicaciones sobre señales como: imágenes, señales de video, voz, audio y las procedentes de sensores de diversanaturaleza

RA32 - Capability for planning, design and implement applications, incorporating signal processing, statistical analysis and machine learning

\* The Learning Guides should reflect the Skills and Learning Outcomes in the same way as indicated in the Degree Verification Memory. For this reason, they have not been translated into English and appear in Spanish.

## 5. Brief description of the subject and syllabus

---

### 5.1. Brief description of the subject

This subject uses most of the topics already provided in Optimization Fundamentals now focused on the specific problem arising with massive data. Although we will provide the theoretical foundations on the evolved techniques we will also emphasize different case studies in big data applications. We will distinguish three main blocks

1. Fundamentals of Large Scale Optimization
2. Large Scale Optimization. Algorithms for local processing in parallel settings
3. Distributed Optimization and Learning in Networks

## 5.2. Syllabus

1. Introduction
2. Machine Learning Contextualization
3. Review of Fundamentals of Convex Optimization
4. First Order Methods
5. First Order Methods applied to Neural Networks
6. Second Order Methods
7. Coordinate Descent Methods
8. Augmented Lagrangian Methods
9. Distributed Optimization in Networks
10. Distributed learning in Networks

## 6. Schedule

---

### 6.1. Subject schedule\*

Week	Classroom activities	Laboratory activities	Distant / On-line	Assessment activities
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8	1. Introduction 2. Machine Learning contextualization  Duration: 03:00 Lecture	Personal work related to chapter 2  Duration: 01:00 Laboratory assignments		
9	3. Review of fundamentals of convex optimization  Duration: 03:00 Lecture	Personal work related to chapter 3  Duration: 01:00 Laboratory assignments		
10	4. First Order Methods 5. First Order Methods applied to Neural Networks  Duration: 03:00 Lecture	Personal work related to chapters 4 and 5  Duration: 01:00 Laboratory assignments		
11	6. Second Order Methods 7. Coordinate Descent Methods  Duration: 03:00 Lecture	Personal work related to chapters 6 and 7  Duration: 01:00 Laboratory assignments		
12	8. Augmented Lagrangian Methods  Duration: 02:00 Lecture			Mid term exam corresponding to chapters 1-5. The student will have to solve problems equivalent to the laboratory activities covering chapters 1-5.  Problem-solving test Continuous assessment Presential Duration: 02:00
13	9. Distributed Optimization in Networks  Duration: 02:00 Lecture	Personal work related to chapters 8 and 9  Duration: 02:00 Laboratory assignments		
14	10. Distributed Learning in Networks  Duration: 01:00 Lecture	Personal work related to chapter 10  Duration: 01:00 Laboratory assignments		
15				

16				
				<p><b>First exam.</b> The student will have to solve problems equivalent to the laboratory activities covering chapters 1-5.</p> <p>Problem-solving test</p> <p>Final examination</p> <p>Presential</p> <p>Duration: 02:00</p>
17				<p><b>Second exam.</b> The student will have to solve an optimization problem equivalent to the laboratory activities covering chapters 6-10.</p> <p>Problem-solving test</p> <p>Continuous assessment and final examination</p> <p>Presential</p> <p>Duration: 02:00</p> <p><b>Deliver the final report with solved exercises</b></p> <p>Individual work</p> <p>Continuous assessment and final examination</p> <p>Not Presential</p> <p>Duration: 00:00</p>

Depending on the programme study plan, total values will be calculated according to the ECTS credit unit as 26/27 hours of student face-to-face contact and independent study time.

\* The schedule is based on an a priori planning of the subject; it might be modified during the academic year, especially considering the COVID19 evolution.

## 7. Activities and assessment criteria

### 7.1. Assessment activities

#### 7.1.1. Assessment

Week	Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills
12	Mid term exam corresponding to chapters 1-5. The student will have to solve problems equivalent to the laboratory activities covering chapters 1-5.	Problem-solving test	Face-to-face	02:00	30%	3.5 / 10	CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CT04 CE01 CB08 CB09 CE03 CT05 CB10
17	Second exam. The student will have to solve an optimization problem equivalent to the laboratory activities covering chapters 6-10.	Problem-solving test	Face-to-face	02:00	30%	3.5 / 10	CB08 CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CT04 CE01 CE03 CT05 CB10
17	Deliver the final report with solved exercises	Individual work	No Presential	00:00	40%	3 / 10	CB08 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CT04 CE01 CE03 CT05 CB10

#### 7.1.2. Global examination

Week	Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills
17	First exam. The student will have to solve problems equivalent to the laboratory activities covering chapters 1-5.	Problem-solving test	Face-to-face	02:00	30%	3.5 / 10	CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB08 CB06 CT04 CE01 CE03 CT05 CB10
17	Second exam. The student will have to solve an optimization problem equivalent to the laboratory activities covering chapters 6-10.	Problem-solving test	Face-to-face	02:00	30%	3.5 / 10	CB08 CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CT04 CE01 CE03 CT05 CB10
17	Deliver the final report with solved exercises	Individual work	No Presential	00:00	40%	3 / 10	CB08 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CT04 CE01 CE03 CT05 CB10

### 7.1.3. Referred (re-sit) examination

Description	Modality	Type	Duration	Weight	Minimum grade	Evaluated skills

Final exam. The student will have to solve an optimization problem equivalent to the laboratory activities It will cover all the chapters. The student has to provide all the reports corresponding to the exercises of the whole course	Problem-solving test	Face-to-face	03:00	60%	3.5 / 10	CB08 CB09 CT01 CB07 CT03 CB06 CT04 CE01 CE03 CT05 CB10
Deliver the final report with solved exercises	Individual work	Face-to-face	00:00	40%	3 / 10	CT01 CB07 CB08 CT03 CB06 CT04 CE01 CE03 CT05 CB10

## 7.2. Assessment criteria

Students will be qualified through progressive evaluation by default, and if they do not show to the midterm exam, they will automatically be qualified using the final evaluation. Evaluation will assess if students have acquired all the competences of the subject. Thus, evaluation through final assessment will be carried out considering all the evaluation techniques used in continuous evaluation (EX, ET, TG, etc.), and will be celebrated in the exam period approved by Junta de Escuela for the current academic semester and year. Evaluation activities that assess learning outcomes that cannot be evaluated through a single exam can be carried out along the semester.

Extraordinary examination will be carried out exclusively by the final assessment method.

The evaluation procedure for the continuous assessment will be as follows:

- One mid term exam including the first 5 chapters counting 30% of the final mark has to be completed. The student will have to solve a certain number of theoretical / practical issues similar as those contents of the practices and lectures. A minimum mark (3.5) is required.

- One second term exam including the last chapters from 6 to 10 counting 30% of the final mark has to be completed. The student will have to solve a certain number of theoretical / practical issues similar as those contents of the practices and lectures. A minimum mark (3.5) is required.
- Both exams will include solving in Matlab a short problem with the computer. The mark will be between 0 and 1 and will be considered as an indicator to check if the student is able to solve problems individually.
- Report including all requested exercises. The mark between 0-4 will be weighted multiplicatively by the indicator described in the previous paragraph and the product will count 40% of the final mark.

The evaluation procedure for the final and re-sit examination will be as follows:

- A final exam counting 60% of the final mark has to be completed. The student will have to solve a certain number of theoretical / practical issues similar as those contents of the practices and lectures.
- The final exam will include solving in Matlab a short problem with the computer. The mark will be between 0 and 1 and will be considered as will be an indicator to check if the student is able to solve problems individually.
- Report including all requested exercises. The mark between 0-4 will be weighted multiplicatively by the indicator described in the previous paragraph and the product will count 40% of the final mark.

## 8. Teaching resources

### 8.1. Teaching resources for the subject

Name	Type	Notes
Optimization techniques for Big Data analysis	Bibliography	Notes describing all the contents of the course
Matlab code of case studies	Others	Matlab code is provided for solving all the case studies proposed in the course
Course slides	Bibliography	Slides to be presented by the instructor to support the explanations

Distributed Optimization and Statistical Learning via the Alternating Direction Method of Multipliers S. Boyd, N. Parikh, E. Chu, B. Peleato, and J. Eckstein. Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, 3(1):1-122, 2011.	Bibliography	Main reference of chapter 8
Sayed, A. H. Adaptation, learning, and optimization over networks. Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, vol.7, no.4-5, pp. 311-801, 2014.	Bibliography	Main reference chapter 8
Sayed, A. H. and Tu, Sheng-Yuan and Chen, J. and Zhao, X. and Towfic, Z. J. Diffusion strategies for adaptation and learning over networks. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine, vol. 30, no 3, pp.155-171, May 2013.	Bibliography	Important reference chapter 10
Sayed, A. H. , Adaptive Networks. Proceedings of the IEEE, vol. 102, no.4, pp.460-497, April 2014.	Bibliography	Important reference chapter 10
M. Hong, M. Razaviyayn, Z. Luo, and J. Pang, A Unified Algorithmic Framework for Block-Structured Optimization Involving Big Data: With applications in machine learning and signal processing. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine,	Bibliography	Important reference chapter 7
Neural Networks. A comprehensive Foundation. Simon haykin.IEEE Press 1994	Bibliography	Important reference for chapter 5

## 9. Other information

### 9.1. Other information about the subject

This subject shows the fundamental ideas of distributed optimization that could be used to model different ODS objectives ,as biological models (ODS 3), climate changing (ODS 13) or ecosystems (ODSs 14 y 15). It could also be applied to the efficient use of resources as water (ODS 6) or energy (ODS 7).

In more general terms, we teach applied mathematics used exhaustively in engineering, in particular will affect telecommunications infraestructures (ODS 9).

This course also contributes to subobjectives 4.4: to increase the number of persons with professional competences and techniques to access to employment and entrepreneurship and 4.7, to guarantee that all students acquire solid practical and theoretical knowledge required to promote sustainable development